

The Technology Park kept Zamudio as the municipality with the highest GDP per capita in the Basque Country

The industrial sector and services associated with industry were present in the majority of municipalities with the highest GDP per capita

In 2019, the municipality of Zamudio, in the province of Bizkaia, maintained its position as the municipality with the highest Gross Domestic Product per capita in the Basque Country, according to Eustat data. This was mainly due to the combination of its industrial landscape together with the significant weight of services linked to industry, known as Industry 4.0.

Olaberria in Gipuzkoa and Ajangiz in Bizkaia came in second and third place, respectively. These municipalities had a strong industrial character, with the weight of the industrial sector being higher than 75% in all of them.

Municipalities of the Basque Country with higher GDP per capita (euro) and their distribution in 4 sectors (%). 2019

TERRITORIAL AREA	GDP per cápita	SECTORIAL DISTRIBUTION (%)			
		AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK AND FISHING	INDUSTRY AND ENERGY	CONSTRUCTION	SERVICES
Basque Country	36.254	0,9	23,9	5,9	69,4
Araba/Álava	38.577	1,5	31,5	4,8	62,2
Bizkaia	35.002	0,8	18,6	6,0	74,6
Gipuzkoa	37.188	0,7	28,3	6,2	64,9
1 Zamudio	530.327	0,1	42,3	4,2	53,4
2 Olaberria	305.677	0,2	80,8	0,3	18,7
3 Ajangiz	229.615	0,9	82,3	0,4	16,3
4 Loiu	225.513	0,2	22,2	4,8	72,8
5 Arama	224.340	0,3	70,0	1,5	28,2
6 Berantevilla	181.134	3,9	76,6	3,4	16,1
7 Aduna	161.029	0,5	63,0	2,2	34,3
8 Zierbena	155.946	0,9	62,5	1,7	34,9
9 Mallabia	149.051	0,8	76,8	0,7	21,6
10 Legutio	144.347	0,4	76,7	1,8	21,1

Source: Eustat. Municipal GDP

Looking back, there has been little change over the last 20 years. In fact, with regard to 2000, 7 municipalities remained among the 10 with the highest GDP per capita in the Basque Country. Zamudio, maintains the first place throughout these 20 years, except in 2005, while Olaberria, who started in 2000 at number 4, rises to the first position in 2005, and since then maintains the second position until today. Ajangiz and Loiu were in sixth and seventh place 20 years ago, but occupied third and fourth in 2019. Mallabia, Aduna and Legutio also featured in the top 10 positions. The case of Arama is striking in that it was in 234th place in 2000, but as of 2016 it became part of the group of 10 municipalities with the

highest GDP per capita. Berantevilla and Zierbena were the other two municipalities to complete the list.

Municipalities of the Basque Country with the highest GDP per capita (euros). 2000 and 2019

TERRITORIAL AREA		GDP per cápita 2000	TERRITORIAL AREA		GDP per cápita 2019
C.A. Euskadi		20.226	C.A. Euskadi		36.254
Araba/Álava		20.971	Araba/Álava		38.577
Bizkaia		18.620	Bizkaia		35.002
Gipuzkoa		24.811	Gipuzkoa		37.188
1 Zamudio		225.270	1 Zamudio		530.327
2 Izurtza		143.750	2 Olaberria		305.677
3 Aduna		138.914	3 Ajangiz		229.615
4 Olaberria		138.713	4 Loiu		225.513
5 Legutio		126.534	5 Arama		224.340
6 Ajangiz		119.111	6 Berantevilla		181.134
7 Loiu		88.209	7 Aduna		161.029
8 Gizaburuaga		84.908	8 Zierbena		155.946
9 Mallabia		82.622	9 Mallabia		149.051
10 Armiñón		80.717	10 Legutio		144.347

Source: Eustat. Municipal GDP

The metal and wine industries were present in the municipalities with the highest GDP per capita in Álava

In 2019, Berantevilla, in the region of Añana, was the municipality with the highest GDP per capita (181,134 euros) in Álava. The industrial sector generated 76.6% of the total economic activity in this municipality; of particular note were metal industry activities such as the manufacture of Transport Material, Metallurgy and Machinery & Equipment.

In the region of Esteribaciones del Gorbea, Legutio stood out as the municipality with the second highest GDP per capita in the province and an industrial weight also above 76%, with branches of the metal industry (Mechanical Engineering and Metallurgy) once again generating the most activity.

Furthermore, in the region of Rioja Alavesa, two municipalities were among those with the highest GDP per capita in the province, although in this case their production structure was different to that described for the previous municipalities. Both the municipality of Laguardia and that of Villabuena de Álava were characterised by a more balanced production structure between the industrial and services sectors, although both were closely linked to the wine sector: the industrial side due to the activity of wineries (Manufacture of beverages) and the services side largely due to the accommodation and catering activities linked to them (Hospitality).

Regions and municipalities of Álava with the highest GDP per capita (euros) and its distribution to 4 sectors (%). 2019

TERRITORIAL AREA	GDP per cápita	SECTORIAL DISTRIBUTION (%)			
		AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK AND FISHING	INDUSTRY AND ENERGY	CONSTRUCTION	SERVICES
Araba/Álava	38.577	1,5	31,5	4,8	62,2
1 Arabako Errioxa / Rioja Alavesa	64.234	12,7	54,7	2,4	30,2
2 Añana	54.947	6,5	59,1	3,0	31,3
3 Gorbeialdea / Estripaciones del Gorbea	48.559	2,0	59,1	3,7	35,2
1 Berantevilla	181.134	3,9	76,6	3,4	16,1
2 Legutio	144.347	0,4	76,7	1,8	21,1
3 Laguardia	129.801	9,0	48,7	1,6	40,7
4 Villabuena de Álava/Eskuernaga	106.386	13,8	66,1	2,0	18,1
5 Bernedo	105.134	7,0	20,9	0,8	71,4

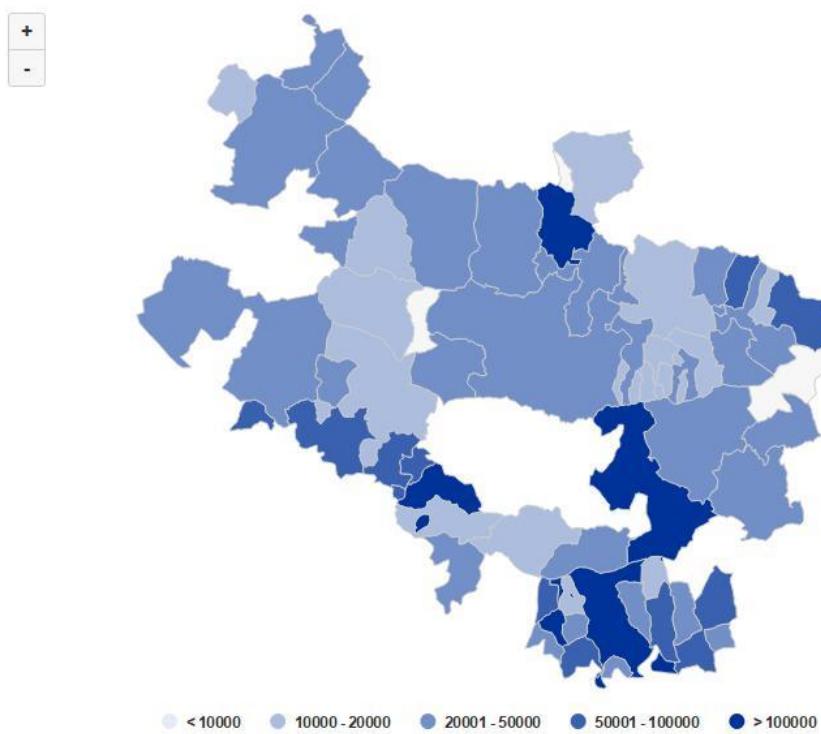
Source: Eustat. Municipal GDP.

This also means that the region of Rioja Alavesa, with a GDP per capita 66.5% higher than the average for the province, ranked first in Álava as well as in the Basque Country as a whole.

In fifth place among the municipalities was Bernedo, in the region of Montaña Alavesa, with a business landscape based on the services sector (71.4%).

GDP per capita by municipalities of Álava

Euro



Source: Eustat. Municipal GDP

The municipalities in Bizkaia with the highest GDP per capita combined industry and services activities

Zamudio, located in the region of Gran Bilbao, was the municipality with the highest GDP per capita in the province of Bizkaia, as well as in the Basque Country. Its strong business landscape was underpinned by industry (42.3%), with companies related to the production of Transport Material being of particular relevance, as well as by the services sector (53.4%), primarily due to the presence of companies offering Professional and technical services linked to industry.

Also standing out in Gran Bilbao were Loiu, thanks to services related to Airport activity, as well as the Metal industry, and Zierbena, with industrial activity related to Energy and services related to Transport and storage.

Ajangiz, a municipality in the Gernika-Bermeo region, was the municipality with the second highest GDP per capita in Bizkaia. Its economic structure had a clear industrial character, with a weight of 82.3%, based on the manufacture of Plastic products.

Regions and municipalities of Bizkaia with the highest GDP per capita (euros) and its distribution to 4 sectors (%). 2019

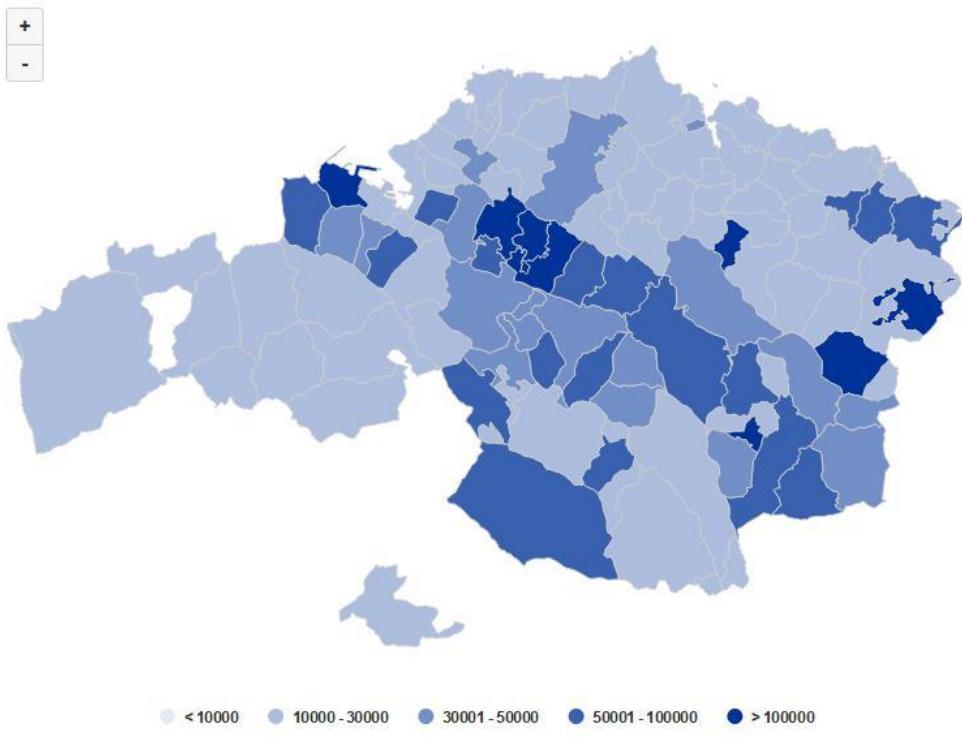
TERRITORIAL AREA	GDP per cápita	SECTORIAL DISTRIBUTION (%)			
		AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK AND FISHING	INDUSTRY AND ENERGY	CONSTRUCTION	SERVICES
Bizkaia	35.002	0,8	18,6	6,0	74,6
1 Durangaldea / Duranguesado	42.348	0,4	40,9	4,2	54,5
2 Bilbo Handia / Gran Bilbao	35.781	0,1	14,1	6,1	79,6
3 Arratia-Nerbioi / Arratia-Nervión	34.771	2,2	43,3	3,9	50,6
1 Zamudio	530.327	0,1	42,3	4,2	53,4
2 Ajangiz	229.615	0,9	82,3	0,4	16,3
3 Loiu	225.513	0,2	22,2	4,8	72,8
4 Zierbena	155.946	0,9	62,5	1,7	34,9
5 Mallabia	149.051	0,8	76,8	0,7	21,6

Source: Eustat. Municipal GDP

Mallabia, in Duranguesado, occupied fifth place in the Bizkaia ranking with a significant industrial weight (76.8%), mainly due to Mechanical Engineering and Transport Material activities. Duranguesado was the region with the highest GDP per capita in Bizkaia. It also primarily combined industry and services activities, with the most significant being Metallurgy and Trade and Hospitality, respectively.

GDP per capita by municipalities of Álava

Euro



Source: Eustat. Municipal GDP

The Goierri region includes 3 of the municipalities that generated the highest GDP per capita in the province of Gipuzkoa

Olaberria, with a GDP per capita of 305,677 euros, located in the Goierri region, came in first place in Gipuzkoa and second in the Basque Country as a whole. The weight of industry in the municipality exceeded 80% and activities such as those related to Iron and Steel products and the production of Machinery & Equipment were particularly noteworthy.

Also standing out in Goierri were Arama, with an industrial weight of 70.0%, based primarily on the production of Machinery & Equipment, and Ormaiztegi, where the manufacture of Motor Vehicles had a strong presence, with an industrial weight of 89.2%.

Regions and municipalities of Gipuzkoa with the highest GDP per capita (euros) and its distribution to 4 sectors (%). 2019

TERRITORIAL AREA	GDP per cápita	SECTORIAL DISTRIBUTION (%)			
		AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK AND FISHING	INDUSTRY AND ENERGY	CONSTRUCTION	SERVICES
Gipuzkoa	37.188	0,9	23,9	5,9	69,4
1 Debagoiena / Alto Deba	42.163	0,6	49,6	4,0	45,9
2 Goierri	39.682	0,6	55,5	5,2	38,7
3 Donostialdea	39.217	0,2	15,7	6,6	77,5
1 Olaberria	305.677	0,2	80,8	0,3	18,7
2 Arama	224.340	0,3	70,0	1,5	28,2
3 Aduna	161.029	0,5	63,0	2,2	34,3
4 Ormaiztegi	116.709	0,3	89,2	0,5	10,0
5 Belauntza	93.081	1,1	72,8	5,7	20,3

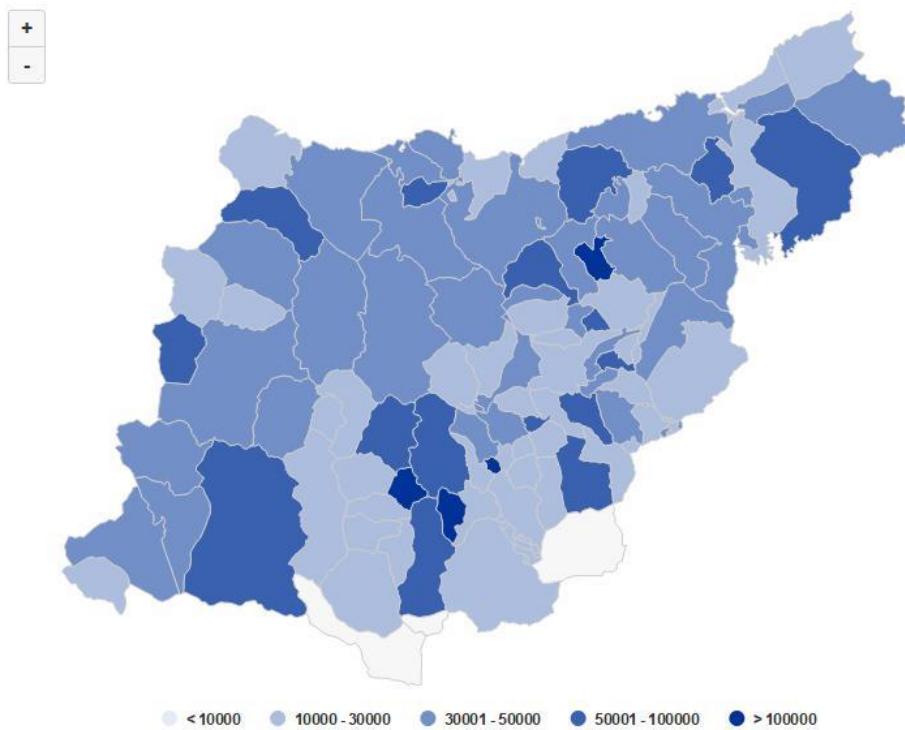
Source: Eustat. Municipal GDP

Aduna, in Tolosaldea, occupied third place in terms of GDP per capita in the province as a result of activities such as Non-metal Industry. Also in Tolosaldea is the municipality of Belauntza, which had the fifth highest GDP per capita in Gipuzkoa. In this case, its position was due to an industrial landscape based primarily on the Manufacture of structural metal products.

Alto Deba, for its part, was the leading region in the province in terms of GDP per capita, with a balanced structure between the industry and services sectors, accounting for 49.6% and 45.9%, respectively.

GDP per capita by municipalities of Gipuzkoa

Euro



Source: Eustat. Municipal GDP

Methodological note: For a better interpretation of these data, a distinction must be made between **Municipal GDP** and **Municipal Income**; GDP is connected to production, to wealth generation, and is concentrated in municipalities with important productive establishments. Income, on the other hand, is related to individuals and their place of residence.

Furthermore, GDP is given in per capita terms in order to rescale the size of municipalities (by dividing the GDP generated in them by their population) and thus provide a comparison between the economic activity of very small municipalities and that of large ones.

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